

BEN TYERS

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GAMEMAKER 101 TIPS & TRICKS

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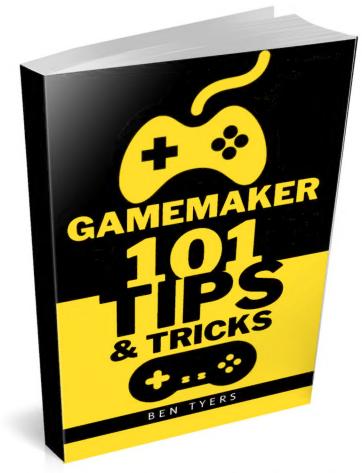
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1 Keep Instance In Room

This keeps the instance within the room's boundary. Assumes sprite origin as center.

```
x=clamp(x,0+sprite_width/2,room_width-
sprite_width/2);
y=clamp(y,0+sprite_height/2,room_height-
sprite_height/2);

//example movement code
hor = keyboard_check(ord("A"))-
keyboard_check(ord("D"));
ver = keyboard_check(ord("W"))-
keyboard_check(ord("S"));
x=x+hor;
y=y+ver;
```

2 Line Of Sight

This assumes you have three objects obj_player, obj_wall, obj_enemy. This example looks for a line of site from enemy to player. This example assumes sprite origins as center.

Create Event:

```
hidding=false;
Step Event:
if collision line(x,y,obj player.x,
obj player.y,obj wall,true,true)
{
  draw line(x,y,obj player.x,obj player.y);
  hidding=true;
}
else
{
  hidding=false;
}
Draw Event:
draw self();
if hidding { draw text(x,y,"Hidden"); }
else
{
draw text(x,y,"Can See");
draw line(x,y,obj player.x,obj player.y);//shows
line - great for testing
}
```

3 Simple Level Complete Save System

To load saved data:

```
ini_open("Settings/savedata.ini");
level1 = ini_read_real("save1", "done", false);
level2 = ini_read_real("save2", "done", false);
level3 = ini_read_real("save3", "done", false);
level4 = ini_read_real("save4", "done", false);
level5 = ini_read_real("save5", "done", false);
level6 = ini_read_real("save6", "done", false);
level7 = ini_read_real("save7", "done", false);
level8 = ini_read_real("save8", "done", false);
ini close();
```

To save data, where **global.level** is the level that has been completed:

```
ini_open("Settings/savedata.ini");
ini_write_real("save"+string(global.level),
"done", true);
ini_close();
```

4 Seeking Missile

This creates a missile that seeks out an enemy instance.

Create Event:

```
target = instance nearest(x, y, obj enemy);
speed=5;
alarm[0]=game get speed(gamespeed fps) *8;
Alarm 0 Event:
instance destroy();
Step Event:
if instance exists(target)
{
  diff = angle difference(point direction(x, y,
target.x, target.y), direction);
  direction += sign(diff) * min(abs(diff), 4);
}
image angle=direction;
Collision Event with obj enemy
with other instance destroy();
instance destroy();
```

5 Draw Health As Bars



```
var number of bars, healthbar, width, height,
xpos, ypos, gap;
healthbar=health div 10;//change 10 to value you
wish each bar to represent
width=20;//width of each bar
height=20;//height of each bar
xpos=100;//change this to change draw location
ypos=100;//change this to change draw location
qap=5;
for (number of bars = 0; number of bars <
healthbar; number of bars +=1;)
  draw set color(c red);
  draw rectangle(xpos+width*number of bars+
(number of bars*gap), 0+ypos,
  xpos+width*number of bars+width+
(number of bars*gap), height+
  ypos, false) //false fills the rectangle
}
```

6 Ellipse Movement

This code will move in instance in an ellipse.

Create Event:

```
angle=0;
rx=256;
ry=64;
angle_speed=0.05*pi;
xc=xstart;
yc=ystart;
```

Step Event:

```
x=xc+rx*cos(angle); y=yc-ry*sin(angle);
angle+=angle_speed; if(angle>2*pi) angle-=2*pi;
else if(angle<0) angle+=2*pi;</pre>
```

7 Draw Contents Of 2D Array

A simple method to draw data from an array. Example **Create Event** code:

```
var i, j;
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++)
{
 for (j = 0; j < 10; j++)
 array[i][j] = i*j;
}
Draw Event:
cellsize=40:
border=2;
draw set colour(c black);
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++)
   for (j = 0; j < 10; j++)
  {
  xpos=i*cellsize;
  ypos=j*cellsize;
draw rectangle (border+xpos, border+ypos, border+xpo
s+cellsize, border+ypos+cellsize, 2);
  draw text(border+xpos+5,border+ypos+12,array[i]
[i]);
  }
```

8 Adaptable Engine Noise

This code changes te pitch of an engine noise based on its speed. Requires an engine noise sound.

Create Event:

```
global.sound=audio_play_sound(engine,1,true);
```

Step Event:

```
play_speed=spd/10;
audio_sound_pitch(global.sound,play_speed);
```

9 Drag-able Objects

Sometimes you may wish the player to be able to click and an instance around the room. Here is a simple solution:

Create Event:

```
dragging=false;
Step Event:
if position meeting (mouse x, mouse y, id)
{
  if mouse check button pressed (mb left)
  {
             dragging=true;
             offsetx=x-mouse x;
             offsety=y-mouse y;
  }
  if mouse check button released (mb left)
  {
             dragging=false;
  }
End Step Event:
if dragging
x=mouse x+offsetx
y=mouse y+offsety
```

10 Mini Map

This code draws a mini-map,

```
var d,a,xx,yy;
xx = obj player.x;
yy = obj player.y;
with (obj wall parent)
{
  d = point distance(xx, yy, x, y);
  if (d \le 1000) { d = d/500*75; a =
point direction(xx,yy,x,y)
  draw sprite(spr map, 0, view xview[0]+75 +
lengthdir x(d,a), view yview[0]+75 +
lengthdir y(d,a));
  }
}
draw set color(c blue);
draw rectangle (view xview[0]+75-2,
view yview[0]+75-
2, view xview[0]+75+2, view yview[0]+75+2,0);
```

11 Trail Effect

A simple script for drawing an image trail.

Create Event:

```
t = 0;
tm = 16;
speed = 10 + random(5);
direction = -5 + random(10);
Draw Event:
t = min(t + 1, tm);
for (i = t; i > 1; i -= 1)
 tx[i] = tx[i-1];
 ty[i] = ty[i-1];
 ta[i] = ta[i-1];
 ti[i] = ti[i-1];
}
tx[1] = x;
ty[1] = y;
ta[1] = direction;
ti[i] = image index;
direction += direction;
for (i = 1; i \le t; i += 1)
draw sprite ext(sprite index,ti[i],tx[i],ty[i],im
age xscale, image yscale, 0, image blend, sqr(1-i/
t));
```

12 Change Image On Mouse Interaction

This example uses a sprite with 3 different subimages,0=no mouse, 1=mouse over and 2=mouse pressed.

Step Event:

```
if instance_position(mouse_x,mouse_y,id)
{
   if(mouse_check_button(mb_left))
   {
      image_index = 2;
   }
   else
   {
   image_index = 1;
   }
}
else
{
   image_index=0;
}
```

13 Mouse Pointer Point Direction

Draws a sprite as pointer, pointing direction of target and slowly moves.

This example assumes sprite pointing right with origin as center.

Step Event:

```
move_towards_point(mouse_x,mouse_y,point_distance
(x,y,mouse x,mouse y)/12);
```

```
window_set_cursor(cr_none);//hides default
draw_sprite_ext(sprite_index,0,x,y,1,1,point_dire
ction

(xprevious,yprevious,x,y),c_white,1);

//Note: use window_set_cursor(cr_default); to
allow drawing default cursor again.
```

14 Power Up

A simple solution for managing a power up.

```
Create Event:
```

```
power_up=false;
Alarm 0 Event:
power up=false;
Step Event:
if keyboard_check(ord('P')) && power_up=false
{
power up=true;
alarm[0]=game get speed(gamespeed fps)*8;
}
Draw Event:
if power_up=true
{
  draw text(50,50,"POWER UP");
}
else
{
  draw text(50,50,"NO POWER UP");
```

15 Push-able Block

A simple pushing system

obj_player Step Event:

```
if mouse_check_button(mb_left)x-=5;
if mouse_check_button(mb_right)x+=5;
```

obj_block Step Event:

```
if place_meeting(x+5,y,obj_player) \{x-=5\}
if place meeting (x-5,y,obj player) \{x+=5\}
```

16 Radar

A great adaptable radar system.

This assumes you have:

Object obj_player with sprite assigned

Object obj_gem with sprite

Sprite **spr_radar_gem** (6x6 pixels in red)

obj_radar Create Event:

```
//stop here if no player
if (!instance exists(Player Obj))
{
 exit;
draw circle (250, 250, 240, true);
draw circle (250, 250, 160, true);
draw line (250, 10, 250, 490);
draw line(10,240,490,240);
draw set colour(c green)
var px=obj player.x;
var py=obj player.y;
with (obj gem)
{
  var dist=point distance(px,py,x,y)
  if dist<=2000
       dist=dist/2000*250;
       angle=point direction(px,py,x,y);
```

```
draw_sprite(spr_gem_blip,0,250+lengthdir_x(dist,a
ngle), 250+lengthdir_y(dist,angle));
    }
}
```

17 Random Word From A Text File

This example shows how to select a random word from a text file. Assumes a text file dictionary.txt is in included files.

The script code is:

```
function newWord()
{
  var file;
if (file exists (working directory +
"dictionary.txt")){
//open the dictionary file
 file = file text open read(working directory +
"dictionary.txt");
if (file == -1) {
//if loading the file failed return -1
return -1; //will end the script
 }
var wordList, wordNumber = 0;
 //make a list containing all words of the
dictionary
while (!file text eof(file)) {
wordList[wordNumber] =
file text read string(file);
 file text readln(file);
wordNumber++;
 file_text_close(file);
return wordList[irandom(wordNumber-1)]; //return
a random word
}
```

You can call with word = newWord();

18 Real Time Clock Example

Draws the players local time according ro the system clock.

Create Event:

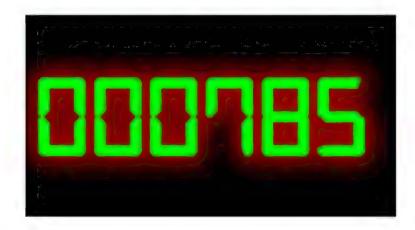
```
minute=0; second=0; hour=0;
```

Step Event:

```
hour=current_hour;
minute=current_minute;
second=current_second;
hours=string(hour);
minutes=string(minute);
seconds=string(second);
seconds=string_repeat("0", 2-
string_length(seconds))+seconds;
minutes=string_repeat("0", 2-
string_length(minutes))+minutes;
hours=string_repeat("0", 2-string_length(hours))
+hours;
```

```
draw_set_colour(c_black);
draw text(300,300,hours+":"+minutes+":"+seconds);
```

19 Score With Leading Zeros



A simple method of drawing a score with leading 0;s

```
str = string(score);
draw_text(x, y, string_repeat("0", 6-
string_length(str))+str);
```

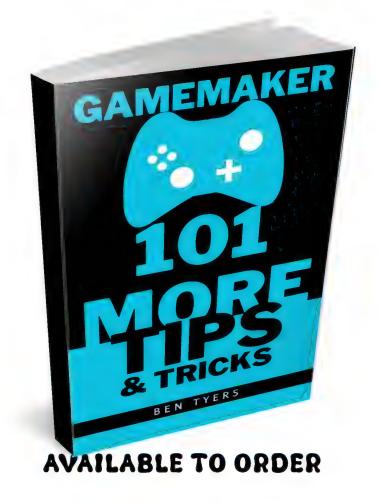
20 Fading Moving Text

Creates moving fading text, great proving info to the player.

Create Event:

```
text[0]="This Text Floats Up";
text[1]="And Fade Outs at Top Of Screen";
text[2]="Great For Providing Inoformation";
text[3]="Or Display Game Credits";
text[4]="When It's Done";
text[5]="Program It To Do Something";
total_lines=array_length_ld(text);
i=room_height;
p=0;
h=1;
```

```
draw_set_color(c_black);
draw_set_halign(fa_center);
draw_set_valign(fa_middle);
draw_set_font(font_text);///set your font here
h=i/100; draw_set_alpha(h);
draw_text_ext(room_width/2,i,text[p],20,room_widt
h-20);
if keyboard_check(vk_enter) i-=5; else i-=2
if i<0
{
    i=(room_height+(string_height(text[p])*2)); p+=1
}
draw_set_alpha(1);
//if p>total_lines then do something, go to
room/restart for example
```



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21 Cool Down System

A useful idea that limits how often a player can shoot / attack / or perform other actions.

Create Event:

```
global.hitmeter=0;
global.cooloff=false;
Step Event:
if mouse check button pressed (mb left) &&
global.cooloff=true
audio play sound(snd neg,1,false)
exit;
//put your attack code here
if mouse check button pressed (mb left) &&
global.cooloff=false
  global.hitmeter+=25;
}
if global.hitmeter>100 && global.cooloff=false
{
  global.cooloff=true;
  global.hitmeter=100;
}
if global.cooloff
  if global.hitmeter<1
```

```
{
       global.hitmeter=0;
       global.cooloff=false;
  }
}
global.hitmeter-=0.2;
if global.hitmeter>100 global.hitmeter=100;
if global.hitmeter<0 global.hitmeter=0;</pre>
Draw Event:
draw self()
yy = 500;
  draw set color(c orange)
  draw rectangle (100, yy-300, 800, yy-200, false);
  draw set color(c yellow)
  draw rectangle (100, yy-300, 100+
((700/100)*global.hitmeter),yy-200,false);
  draw set colour(c black);
  draw rectangle (100, yy-300, room width-100, yy-
200, true);
  draw set halign (fa center);
  draw set valign(fa middle);
  draw set font (font arcade);
if global.cooloff=false
{
  draw text(room width/2-200, yy-250, "CAN ATTACK
AND BLOCK");
}
if global.cooloff=true
{
  draw text(room width/2-200,yy-
250, "RECHARGING");
}
```

```
draw_set_colour(c_white);
draw_text(100,100,global.hitmeter);
```

22 Sliding Bar

A useful bit of code that allows a user to select a value. Assumes you have two sprite 64x64 in size, origin as center, **spr_bar** in red and **spr_slider** in green. Sprite bar is assigned to the object below. When you place object obj_slider in the room click **o**n a corner and stretch out as needed

Create Event:

```
minValue=x-(sprite_width/2);
maxValue=x+(sprite_width/2);
curValue=0.5;
length=maxValue-minValue;
isSliding=false;
```

Step Event:

```
if (mouse check button pressed (mb left) & & position
meeting(mouse x, mouse y, self))
{
  isSliding=true;
}
if (mouse check button released(mb left))
{
  isSliding=false;
}
if (isSliding)
{
  curValue=(mouse x-minValue)/length;
  if(mouse x<minValue)</pre>
  {
        curValue=0;
  }
```

if(mouse x>maxValue)

```
{
    curValue=1;
}

Draw Event:
draw_self();
draw_sprite(spr_slider,0,(length*curValue)+minValue,y);
draw_set_colour(c_black);
draw_text(x,y+10,string(curValue));
```

23 Slowly Move

This slowly moves to a position, in this example to the mouse's position.

Step Event:

```
movement_speed=25;//Higher Number Makes Slower
Speed

target_x=mouse_x;//or other target position

target_y=mouse_y;//or other target position

x +=( target_x-x)/ movement_speed; //target
position-current position

y +=( target_y-y)/ movement_speed; //target
position-current position
```

24 Rising Smoke Effect

Create a rising and fading smoke effect. Requires a sprite of a smoke.

Create Event:

```
motion_set(90,2);
alp=1;
```

Step Event:

```
alp-=0.02;
if alp<0 instance_destroy();</pre>
```

```
draw_sprite_ext(sprite_index,0,x,y,1,1,0,c_white,
alp);
```

25 Typewriter Text Effect

Draws text, one character at a time.

Create Event:

```
draw_set_colour(c_black);
draw_text(x, y, typewriter_out);
```

Alarm 0 Event:

```
typewriter_out+=string_copy(text_to_write,i,1);
i+=1;
if((i-1)!=string_length(text_to_write))
alarm[0]=5;
```

```
draw_set_colour(c_black);
draw text(x,y,typewriter out);
```

26 Level Unlock System



The currently available levels is the value global.levels, ie a value of 2 would mean levels 1 and 2 unlocked. This needs to be declared before adding the following code, for example in a splash screen at the start of the game or at the end of completed level. This example uses a sprite with 2 subimages,' image 0' unlocked, 'image 1' locked, the sprite origin is the center.

Just duplicate the objects as needed, changing the value of my_id to the level number, also change the code in the left button released event to go to the level you want.

```
my_id=1;
locked=true;
subimage=1;
image_speed=0;
///check if allowed
if (global.level <= my_id-1)
{
  locked=true;
  subimage=1;
}</pre>
```

```
else
{
  locked=false;
  subimage=0;
}

Left Button Pressed Event:
///go to level(room) if unlocked if locked=false
{ room_goto(room_level_1); }

Draw Event:
draw_sprite(spr_levels, subimage, x, y);
draw_set_halign(fa_center);
draw_text(x, y, string(my_id));
```

27 Weapon Management

An example for storing info for multiple weapons. This example assumes you have the required graphics and sound effect referred in the code below.

```
weapon no=1;//handgun
global.weapon info[weapon no,1]="Hand
Gun"; //Weapon Name
global.weapon info[weapon no,2]=100;//Starting
Number
global.weapon info[weapon no,3]=1;//Strength
global.weapon info[weapon no, 4]=1;//Reload Speed
global.weapon info[weapon no,5]=1;//Cost
global.weapon info[weapon no,6]=5;//Aiming Speed
global.weapon info[weapon no,7]=spr handgun;//Gun
Sight for Weapon
global.weapon info[weapon no,8]=obj damage handgu
n;//Damage Area for Weapon
global.weapon info[weapon no,9]=snd handgun;//
Sound When Firing
global.weapon info[weapon no, 10] = snd voice handgu
n selected; //snd of voice weapon selected
global.weapon info[weapon no,11]=20//ammo pack
size
weapon no=2;//rifle
global.weapon info[weapon no,1]="Rifle";//Weapon
Name
global.weapon info[weapon no,2]=25;//Starting
Number
global.weapon info[weapon no,3]=2;//Strength
global.weapon info[weapon no,4]=2;//Reload Speed
global.weapon info[weapon no,5]=2;//Cost
global.weapon info[weapon no, 6]=3;//Aiming Speed
```

```
global.weapon info[weapon no,7]=spr rifle;//Gun
Sight for Weapon
global.weapon info[weapon no,8]=obj damage rifle;
//Damage Area for Weapon
global.weapon info[weapon no,9]=snd rifle;//Sound
When Firing
global.weapon info[weapon no,10]=snd voice rifle
selected; //snd of voice weapon selected
global.weapon info[weapon no, 11]=15//ammo pack
size
global.weapon=1;
score=100;
Step Event:
if (keyboard check released(ord("1")))
{
global.weapon=1;
audio play sound(global.weapon info[global.weapon
,10],1,0);
}
  (keyboard check released(ord("2")))
{
global.weapon=2;
audio play sound(global.weapon info[global.weapon
,10],1,0);
}
if mouse check button pressed (mb left)
{
  if (score>=global.weapon info[global.weapon,5])
        //take money off score
```

```
score=score-
global.weapon info[global.weapon,5];
        //increase ammo no by one
global.weapon info[global.weapon,2]=global.weapon
info[global.weapon,2]+1;
       //play sound purchase complete
audio play sound(snd voice purchase complete,1,0)
   }
  else
  {
   //play not enough cash
audio play sound(snd voice not enough cash, 1, 0);
 }
if mouse check button pressed (mb right)
{
  if (global.weapon info[global.weapon, 2]>0)
  {
audio_play_sound(global.weapon_info[global.weapon
,9],1,0);
   global.weapon info[global.weapon,2]-=1;
   instance create layer
(mouse x,mouse y,"Instances",global.weapon info[g
lobal.weapon,8])
  }
  else
  {
```

```
audio_play_sound(snd_voice_no_ammo,1,0);
}
```

```
draw_sprite(global.weapon_info[global.weapon,7],0
,x,y);
draw_set_colour(c_white);
draw_text(25,360,global.weapon_info[global.weapon,1]);
draw_text(220,360,"Ammo:");
draw_text(350,360,global.weapon_info[global.weapon,2]);
draw_text(450,360,"Damage:");
draw_text(590,360,global.weapon_info[global.weapon,3]);
draw_text(100,100,"Cash "+string(score));
```

28 Top Down Character Control



4 direction movement and sprite contol. **Create Event**:

```
sprite_index=spr_down;

Step Event:

if (keyboard_check(ord("W")))
{
    sprite_index=spr_up;
    image_speed=1;
    y-=2;
}
else if (keyboard_check(ord("S")))
{
    sprite_index=spr_down;
    image_speed=1;
    y+=2;
}
```

```
else
if (keyboard check(ord("A")))
```

```
{
    sprite_index=spr_left;
  image_speed=1;
  x-=2;
}
else
if (keyboard_check(ord("D")))
{
    sprite_index=spr_right;
  image speed=1;
  x+=2;
}
else
{
  image speed=0;
}
```

29 Blood Effect Using Particles

Creates a blood effect using particles.

Create Event:

```
global.particle system = part system create();
part system depth(global.particle system, 0);
// Create the particle type
global.particle type = part_type_create();
part type shape (global.particle type,
pt shape circle);
part type size(global.particle type, 0.1, 0.5,
0.1, 0);
part type scale(global.particle type, 1, 1);
part type orientation(global.particle type, 0,
360, 0, 0,0);
part type color1(global.particle type, c red);
part type alpha3(global.particle type, 1, 0.5,
0);
part type speed(global.particle type, 2, 4, -0.1,
0);
part type direction(global.particle type, 0, 360,
0, 0);
part type life(global.particle type, 20, 40);
part type blend(global.particle type, true);
```

Global Left Mouse Button Pressed Event:

```
number_of_particles=40
part_particles_create(global.particle_system,
mouse_x, mouse_y, global.particle_type,
number of particles);
```

Clean Up Event:

```
part_system_destroy(global.particle_system);
part type destroy(global.particle type);
```

30 Draw Text Info With Background

A Simple script that can be used to draw info text for the player (assumes a room/view size of 1920 by 1080).

```
function scr tip(message) {
draw set alpha(0.5)
  draw set colour(c white);
  draw roundrect (500, 200, 1420, 400, false);
  draw set font (font hud);
  draw set valign (fa middle);
  draw set halign (fa center);
  draw set colour(c white);
  draw text (960, 302, message)
  draw text (960, 298, message)
  draw text (962, 302, message)
  draw text (958, 298, message)
  draw set colour(c black);
  draw text (960, 300, message)
  draw set alpha(1)
Example usage:
Create Event:
alarm[0]=game get speed(gamespeed fps) *3;
Draw GUI Event:
message="Some Example Text\nTo Draw";
scr tip(message);
Alarm 0 Event:
instance destroy();
```

31 Speed Boost

A simple system to allow a temporary increase of an instance's max speed.

Create Event:

```
global.boost=false;
current speed=4;
```

Collision with Powerup instance:

```
global.boost=true;
alarm[0]=game_get_speed(gamespeed_fps)*10;
with other instance destroy();
```

An example for the **Step Event**, adapt as needed:

```
if !global.boost
{

move_towards_point(mouse_x,mouse_y,current_speed);
}
else
{

move_towards_point(mouse_x,mouse_y,current_speed*
2);
}
```

Alarm 0 Event:

```
global.boost=false;
```

32 Projectile Curved Path

Makes a projectile follow a curved path to target. This example 'launches' from bottom right, you can adapt as needed.

Create Event:

instance destroy();

```
throws path=path add();
path set kind(throws path, 1);
path set closed(throws path, false);
if target x<room width/2
path add point (throws path, room width,
room height, 50);
else path add point (throws path, 0, room height,
50);
path_add_point(throws path, 600, 60, 50);
path add point(throws path, target x, target y,
50);
path start (throws path, 50,
path action stop, true);
Path End Event:
//Add your code here to do something at path end
path delete (throws path);
```

33 Draw Power Bar With Image Background



A useful approach that draws power, health, boost etc, using an image as the background.

Very adaptable. Example below:

```
player_power=1;
player_max_power=20;

Example Step Event:
if mouse_check_button(mb_left)
{
   player_power-=0.1;
}
if mouse_check_button(mb_right)
{
   player_power+=0.1;
}
if player_power<0 player_power=0;
if player_power>player_max_power
player power=player max power;
```

```
draw_self();
draw_set_color(c_lime)
draw_text(100,100,player_power);
section_size=sprite_width/20;
draw_set_colour(c_white);
xx=x+sprite_width;
yy=y;
height=sprite_height;
draw_rectangle(xx,yy,xx-
(section_size*(player_max_power-
player_power)),yy+height,false);
draw_set_colour(c_black);
draw_rectangle(x,y,xx,y+height,true);
```

34 Create Muzzle Flash

This example shows how to create a muzzle flash for a rotating weapon. This system also rotates the muzzle flash with the weapon so it looks more realistic.

Weapon Object obj_player:

```
alarm[0]=game_get_speed(gamespeed_fps)*5;
ang=0;

Step Event:
if mouse_check_button(mb_left)
{
    ang++;
}
else
{
    ang--;
}
image_angle=ang;

Alarm 0 Event:
alarm[0]=game_get_speed(gamespeed_fps)*5;
instance_create_layer(x,y,"fx",obj_shoot);
```

Object obj_shoot:

Step Event:

```
x=obj_player.x+lengthdir_x(100,obj_player.ang);
y=obj_player.y+lengthdir_y(100,obj_player.ang);
image_angle=obj_player.ang;
```

Animation End Event:

```
instance_destroy();
```

35 Cloud Effect Using Filters & Effects



This example make use of the powerful filters and effects layer. An example set up is shown below:



36 Missile Smoke Trail



A simple method using built in effects system to create smoke trail effect.

Example usage assumes sprite origin as middle center.

Step Event:

```
move_towards_point(mouse_x,mouse_y,4)
dir=point_direction(x,y,mouse_x,mouse_y);
if direction<dir direction+=0.01;
if direction>dir direction-=0.01;
image_angle=direction;
size=sprite_width/2;
xx=x-lengthdir_x(size,direction);
yy=y-lengthdir_y(size,direction);
effect_create_above(ef_smoke,xx,yy,4,c_blue);
```

37 Selectable Stats

This allows the player to choose a player object with various stats. This example for a driving game, but easily change if for other game styles.

```
alarm[0]=game get speed(gamespeed fps)*3;
global.current=1;
tyres sprite=[noone, face 1, face 2, face 3, face 4, f
ace 5, face 6, face 7, face 8, face 9];
tyres name=["", "Blue
Flash", "Neon", "Fast", "Turning
Speed", "Attack", "Accelerate", "Top Speed", "Good
Allround", "Easy Control"];
tyres accelerate=[0,6,7,4,5,5,10,6,7,7];
tyres topspeed=[0,7,5,10,8,6,7,10,7,5];
tyres attack=[0,6,7,3,6,10,5,4,7,5];
tyres turning=[0,6,4,5,10,3,4,4,7,10];
Alarm 0 Event:
alarm[0]=game get speed(gamespeed fps) *3;
global.current++;
if global.current=10 global.current=1;
Draw Event:
draw set colour(c white);
draw sprite ext(spr faces, global.current, 400, 740,
5,5,0,c white, 1);
draw sprite ext(spr bikes, global.current, 400, 900,
3,3,0,c white, 1);
draw set font (font arcade);
draw set halign (fa center);
draw text(400,700,tyres name[global.current]);
draw text (room width/2,150, "Choose Your
Character");
```

```
draw text(room width/2,2,"Tap Left Button To
Select");
draw text (400,600, "Option
"+string(global.current)+" / 9");
draw set valign (fa middle);
draw set halign(fa right);
xx=room\ width/3*2;
yy = 700
draw text(xx,yy,"Acceleration: ");
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i += 1)
{
  value=tyres accelerate[global.current]
  draw set color(c red);
  draw rectangle (xx, yy-40, xx+500, yy+40, false);
  draw set color(c green);
  draw rectangle (xx, yy-
40,xx+(500/10*value),yy+40,false);
  draw set color(c white);
  draw rectangle (xx, yy-40, xx+(500), yy+40, true);
  draw line (xx+(50), yy-40, xx+(50), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(100), yy-40, xx+(100), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(150), yy-40, xx+(150), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(200), yy-40, xx+(200), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(250), yy-40, xx+(250), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(300), yy-40, xx+(300), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(350), yy-40, xx+(350), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(400), yy-40, xx+(400), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(450), yy-40, xx+(450), yy+40);
//topspeed
yy = 800
draw text(xx,yy,"Top Speed: ");
```

```
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i += 1)
  value=tyres topspeed[global.current]
  draw set color(c red);
  draw rectangle (xx, yy-40, xx+500, yy+40, false);
  draw set color(c green);
  draw rectangle (xx, yy-
40,xx+(500/10*value),yy+40,false);
  draw set color(c white);
  draw rectangle (xx, yy-40, xx+(500), yy+40, true);
  draw line (xx+(50), yy-40, xx+(50), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(100), yy-40, xx+(100), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(150), yy-40, xx+(150), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(200), yy-40, xx+(200), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(250), yy-40, xx+(250), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(300), yy-40, xx+(300), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(350), yy-40, xx+(350), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(400), yy-40, xx+(400), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(450), yy-40, xx+(450), yy+40);
}
//attack
vv = 900
draw text(xx,yy,"Attack: ");
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i += 1)
{
  value=tyres attack[global.current]
  draw set color(c red);
  draw rectangle (xx, yy-40, xx+500, yy+40, false);
  draw set color(c green);
  draw rectangle (xx, yy-
40,xx+(500/10*value),yy+40,false);
  draw set color(c white);
```

```
draw rectangle (xx, yy-40, xx+(500), yy+40, true);
  draw line (xx+(50), yy-40, xx+(50), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(100), yy-40, xx+(100), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(150), yy-40, xx+(150), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(200), yy-40, xx+(200), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(250), yy-40, xx+(250), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(300), yy-40, xx+(300), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(350), yy-40, xx+(350), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(400), yy-40, xx+(400), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(450), yy-40, xx+(450), yy+40);
//turning
vv=1000
draw text(xx,yy,"Turning: ");
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i += 1)
{
  value=tyres turning[global.current]
  draw set color(c red);
  draw rectangle (xx, yy-40, xx+500, yy+40, false);
  draw set color(c green);
  draw rectangle (xx, yy-
40,xx+(500/10*value),yy+40,false);
  draw set color(c white);
  draw rectangle (xx, yy-40, xx+(500), yy+40, true);
  draw line (xx+(50), yy-40, xx+(50), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(100), yy-40, xx+(100), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(150), yy-40, xx+(150), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(200), yy-40, xx+(200), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(250), yy-40, xx+(250), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(300), yy-40, xx+(300), yy+40);
  draw line (xx+(350), yy-40, xx+(350), yy+40);
```

```
draw_line(xx+(400),yy-40,xx+(400),yy+40);
draw_line(xx+(450),yy-40,xx+(450),yy+40);
}
```

And finally a **Step Event** that stores the selected stats in global variables so they can be used in game:

```
if mouse_check_button_pressed(mb_left)
{

global.tyres_sprite=tyres_sprite[global.current];

global.name=tyres_name[global.current];

global.acceleration=tyres_accelerate[global.current];

global.topspeed=tyres_topspeed[global.current];

global.attack=tyres_attack[global.current];

global.turning=tyres_turning[global.current];

global.bike_sprite=global.current;

room_goto(room_game);
}
```

38 Add Playing Cards & Shuffle

A simple method to shuffle a deck of playing cards.

```
x=room width/2-(sprite width/2);
y = 500
deck=ds list create();
ds_list_add(deck,s_1,s_2,s_3,s_4,s_5,s_6,s_7,s_8,
s 9, s 10, s 11, s 12, s 13);
ds list add(deck,c 1,c 2,c 3,c 4,c 5,c 6,c 7,c 8,
c 9,c 10,c 11,c 12,c 13);
ds list add(deck,d_1,d_2,d_3,d_4,d_5,d_6,d_7,d_8,
d 9, d 10, d 11, d 12, d 13);
ds list add(deck,h 1,h 2,h 3,h_4,h_5,h_6,h_7,h_8,
h 9,h 10,h 11,h 12,h 13);
ds list shuffle (deck);
previous=ds list create();
//deal card
card=deck[|0];
ds list delete(deck,0);
sprite index=card;
//current
name = sprite get name(card)
var path parts = string split(name, " ");
value=real( _path_parts[1]);
suit=string( path parts[0]);
```

```
draw_set_halign(fa_center);
if suit="s" suitis="Spades";
if suit="h" suitis="Hearts";
if suit="d" suitis="Diamonds";
if suit="c" suitis="Clubs";
if value<11 valueis=string(value);
if value=11 valueis="Jack";
if value=12 valueis="Queen";
if value=13 valueis="King";
if value=1 valueis="Ace";
draw_text(200,100,valueis+" Of "+suitis)
draw sprite(sprite index,0,x,y)</pre>
```

39 Enemy Track Player's Movement

Sometimes you may want an enemy to match the player's movement. This example moves the enemy's y position towards the player.

Step Event:

```
if obj_player.y<y
{
    y--;
}
else
{
    y++;
}</pre>
```

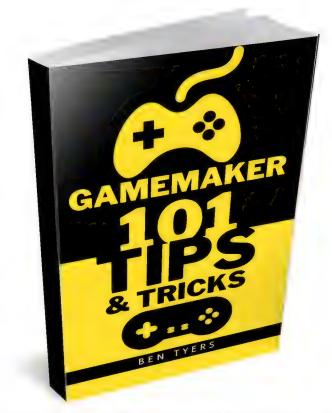
40 Tool Tip Pop Up





A useful bit of code that provides extra info to the player on mouse over.

```
draw_self();
inst=instance_position(mouse_x,mouse_y,id)
if inst!=noone
{
    xx=inst.x;
    yy=inst.y-(sprite_height/2);
    draw_sprite(spr_bubble,0,xx,yy);
    draw_set_colour(c_green);
    draw_set_font(font_text);
    draw_set_halign(fa_center);
    draw_set_valign(fa_middle);
    draw_text(xx-80,yy-100,"Some Useful\nInfo Here");
}
```



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41 Pop Up Wobbly Text

A simple text effect, great for using when a player collects a coin, showing the score the player gets.

```
size=0.2;
fade size=5;//size to reach before fading
fade speed=0.01;//how quickly to fade
angle=0;
sw=2://for sine wave
fading=false;
alpha=1;
Step Event:
size+=0.1://increase size
y=0.3;//move up
sw += 0.2:
angle=sin(sw)*5;//for wave effect
if size>fade size and fading==false//allowq
fading
  alpha-=fade speed;
  if alpha<0 instance destroy();
}
```

Draw Event:

```
draw_set_font(font_float);
if text<0 draw_set_color(c_red); else
draw_set_color(c_blue);
draw_set_halign(fa_center);
draw_set_valign(fa_bottom);
draw_set_alpha(alpha);
draw_text_transformed(x,y,text,size,size,angle);
draw_set_alpha(1);//set back so noting else
affected</pre>
```

You can call with:

```
textmake=instance_create_layer(x,y,"hud",obj_funk
y_text);
textmake.text="You message here";
```

42 Grow and Shrink Message Control

This example grows and shrinks an image. Great for giving info to the player. Assumes image origin is middle center.

```
scale=0:
dir="up";
x=room\ width/2;
y=room height/2;
sprite index=spr collect;
image xscale=scale;
image yscale=scale;
Step Event:
if dir="up" scale+=0.03;
if dir="up" and scale>1
{
  dir="wait";
  alarm[0]=game get speed(gamespeed fps);
}
if dir="down" scale-=0.03;
if dir="down" and scale<0
{
  instance destroy();
}
image xscale=scale;
image yscale=scale;
Alarm 0 Event:
dir="down";
```

43 Smoothly Move To Mouse Position

This moves smoothly to a position, in this example the mouse's position.

Create Event:

```
follow_speed=0.1;
target_x=x;
target_y=y;
```

Step Event:

```
target_x=mouse_x;
target_y=mouse_y;
x+=(target_x-x)*follow_speed;
y+=(target_y-y)*follow_speed;
```

44 Bounce Off Room Border

A simple effect, great for sprucing up a menu or pause screen.

```
speed=5;
direction=irandom(360);

Step Event:
if(x<=0||x>=room_width)
{
    direction=180-direction+irandom_range(-10,10);
}
if(y<=0||y>=room_height)
{
    direction=360-direction+irandom_range(-10,10);
}
direction=(direction+360)mod 360;
```

45 Pause Music When Sound Effect Plays

This little method pauses the background music whilst an audio effect plays, great for adding atmosphere to your games.

```
music=audio play sound(snd music, 1, true);
paused=false;
Step Event:
if mouse check button pressed(mb left) &&
paused==false
  audio pause sound (music);
explosion=audio play sound(snd explosion, 1, false)
  paused=true;
if paused == true
{
  if !audio is playing(explosion)
  {
       paused=false;
       audio resume sound (music);
  }
}
```

46 Glitch Effect Text

Creates a shaking text effect.

Create Event:

```
text_to_display = "Glitch Effect Example";
```

```
var x_offset = irandom_range(-2, 2);
var y_offset = irandom_range(-2, 2);
var color_offset = irandom_range(-5, 5);
draw_set_font(font_text);
draw_set_color(c_blue + color_offset);
draw_text(x + x_offset, y + y_offset, text_to_display);
```

47 Wobbly Text

Wobbly Text

This makes a cool text floating wobble effect.

Create Event:

text="Wobbly Text";

```
wave amplitude=45;
wave frequency=0.2;
wave speed=0.2;
wave timer=0;
Step Event:
wave timer+=wave speed;
Draw Event:
ddraw set font(font text);
draw_set_colour(c_white);
varlen=string length(text);
for(vari=0;i<len;i++)</pre>
{
  varchar=string char at(text,i+1);
varchar x=x+i*40;//
Adjustthehorizontalspacingasneeded
varchar y=y+wave amplitude*sin(wave frequency*(i+
wave timer));
  draw text(char x,char y,char);
```

48 Choose A Random Instance

This code chooses a random enemy instance.

Create Event:

```
global.target=noone;
```

Step Event:

```
if global.target=noone &&
instance_exists(obj_enemy)
{
   var inst =
instance_find(obj_enemy,irandom(instance_number(obj_enemy) - 1));
   global.target=inst;
   state="found_target";
}
```

You could then do something, such as moving towards the target:

```
if instance_exists(global.target) &&
distance_to_point(global.target.x,global.target.y)>10
{
move_towards_point(global.target.x,global.target.y,3)
}
```

Set global.target to noone when done.

49 Draw Mini Healthbar For Enemy

This is a simple method to draw a mini healthbar above an enemy instance. Assume sprite origin as middle center.

For example, in the **Create Event**:

```
maxhl=5;
hl=maxhl;
```

```
draw_self();
parts=(100/maxhl)*hl;
sw=sprite_width/2;
sh=sprite_height/2;
draw_healthbar(x-sw,y-sh-10,x+sw,y-sh,parts,c_black,c_red,c_green,0,true,true);
```

50 Fade In And Out

This fades a sprite in and out. Useful for a lot of applications.

```
alpha=0;
fade speed=0.01;
fading in=true;
Step Event:
if (fading in)
  alpha+=fade speed;
  if (alpha>=1)
  {
       alpha=1;
       fading in=false;
  }
}
else
  alpha-=fade speed;
  ifalpha<=0)
  {
       alpha=0;
       fading_in=true;
  }
}
Draw Event:
draw_sprite_ext(sprite_index,0,500,500,1,1,0,c_wh
ite, alpha);
```

51 Rotating Text

A Simple method for rotating text.

```
rotation speed=1;
rotation angle=0;
text to rotate="Hello, World!";
text x=x;
text y=y;
draw set font(font text);
width=string width(text to rotate);
Step Event:
rotation angle+=rotation speed;
xx=text_x+(-lengthdir x(width/2,rotation angle))
yy=text y+(-lengthdir y(width/2, rotation angle))
text x=x;
text y=y;
Draw Event:
draw set font (font text);
draw set color(c white);
draw text transformed(xx, yy, text to rotate, 1, 1, ro
tation angle);
```

52 Flashing Text

You can use this method to make text flash and glow, ideal for getting the attention of the player.

```
color=make_colour_rgb(256,current_time mod
256,random(256));
draw_set_color(color);
draw_set_font(font_text);
draw_text(x, y, "Your Text Here");
```

53 Play Sound At Selected Volume

Sometimes you may wish to play a sound at a lower or higher volume.

Here is a simple example.

Step Event:

```
if mouse_check_button(mb_left)
{
    //play 20& volume
    audio_play_sound(snd_explosion,1,0,0.2);
}
if mouse_check_button(mb_right)
{
    //play 100% volume
    audio_play_sound(snd_explosion,1,0,1);
}
```

54 Spawn Powerups Control System

An example system for providing the player with a bonus. Works on a percentage system, each with a chance of happening.

```
result="";
value=0;
Step Event:
if mouse check button pressed (mb left) //replace
with your bonus trigger
{
  var chance = floor(irandom(99));
  if(chance == 0)
  {
       result="Extra Life";
       //Your add life code
  }
  else if (chance < 15)
  {
       result="Score Boost";
       //Your add score code
  }
  else if ( chance < 40)
  {
       result="Weapon Upgrade";
       //Your weapon upgrade
  }
```

```
else
{
    result="nothing";
    //do nothing
}
    value=_chance;//for testing
}
Draw Event:
draw_text(100,100,result);
draw_text(100,200,value);
```

55 Move Crosshair To Mouse Position

At time you want a player crosshair to move towards the mouse's position.

Here is a simple solution, **Step Event**:

```
targetx=mouse_x;
targety=mouse_y;
move_speed=4;
if distance_to_point(targetx, targety)>move_speed
move_towards_point(targetx, targety, move_speed)
```

56 Checkpoint System

Sometimes you want the player to save it's position at a level checkpoint.

This can be done with:

Create Event:

```
checkpoint_x=x;
checkpoint_y=y;
```

Collision with check point instance:

```
checkpoint_x=x;
checkpoint_y=y;
```

To return to checkpoint when health has run out:

```
x=checkpoint_x;
y=checkpoint_y;
lives--;
health=100;
```

57 Check If Instance Is In View

Sometimes you may want to check if an instance is in view, for example only allowing an enemy to shoot it's projectile when within the current view.

```
function scr_inview(xpos,ypos)
{
  var cam = view_camera[0];
  var x1 = camera_get_view_x(cam);
  var y1 = camera_get_view_y(cam);
  var x2 = x1 + camera_get_view_width(cam);
  var y2 = y1 + camera_get_view_height(cam);
  if( point_in_rectangle( xpos, ypos, x1, y1, x2, y2)) return true;
  else return false;
}
Which you call with:
is_in_view=scr_inview(x,y);
Which will return true or false
```

58 Jump Through Platforms

Sometimes you may want to allow a player to be able to jump through a platform. This is one approach.

```
jump speed=45;
gravity=1;
hsp=8;
Step Event:
if mouse check button (mb left)
{
  x=x-hsp; image xscale=-1
}
else
{
  x=x+hsp; image xscale=1
}
if vspeed >= 0
{
        var _platform = instance_place(x, y +
vspeed, obj_block_parent);
        if ( platform != noone)
        {
                 if (bbox bottom <=
platform.bbox top)
                 {
                   //do nothing
                  else{vspeed=-jump speed; }}}
```

59 Play Random Level Music

There may be time when you want to randomise background music for a level. The following is a simple method.

Create Event:

```
audio_stop_all();
global.music=audio_play_sound( choose(snd_music_1
,snd_music_2,snd_music_3,snd_music_4),1,true);
```

Storing the music track as a global variable allows you perform things on it whilst the game is playing. For example, to pause / resume the music.

60 Exploding Effect



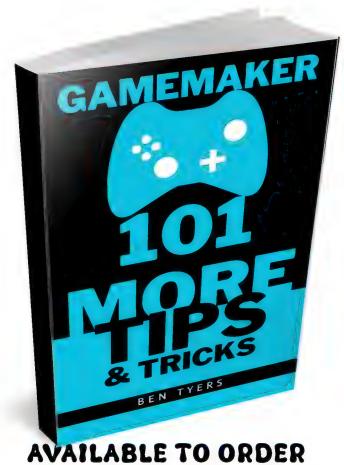
If your sprite assets have several parts available here is a simple effect.

For example in a **Step Event**:

```
if mouse_check_button_pressed(mb_left)
{
   parts=sprite_get_number(spr_parts);
   for (var i = 0; i < parts; i += 1)
   {

inst=instance_create_layer(x,y,"explosions",obj_explode);
        inst.sprite_index=spr_parts;
        inst.image_speed=0;
        inst.image_index=i;
        inst.direction=(360/parts)*i;
        inst.speed=4;
   }
}</pre>
```

You may wish to destroy **obj_explode** when outside room.



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61 Draw Text With Border

HELLO WORLD

Here is a simple script that draws text with a border. Great for sprucing up your GUI text.

```
function draw_txt_border(xx,yy,text,col1,col2)
{
    draw_set_colour(col1);
    draw_text(xx-1,yy-1,text);
    draw_text(xx-1,yy+1,text);
    draw_text(xx+1,yy+1,text);
    draw_text(xx+1,yy-1,text);
    draw_set_colour(col2);
    draw_text(xx,yy,text);;
}
```

Which you can call from a **Draw Event** with:

```
draw_txt_border(100,100, "Hello
World",c_black,c_red);
```

62 Move Coin To Score Text

This creates a coin moving effect that moves it towards the HUD text for displaying score. This example assumes the HUD text is in the bottom right on GUI layer.

```
alp=1;
Step Event:
alp=alp-0.01;
if alp<0.2
  alp=0.2
  var cam = view camera[0];
  var x1 = camera get view x(cam);
  var y1 = camera get view y(cam);
  var x2 = x1 + 1800
  var y2 = y1 + 920
  move_towards_point(x2, y2, 5)
  if distance to point (x2, y2) < 20
  {
       score+=1;
       instance destroy()
       audio play sound(snd coin, 1, false);
  }
}
```

```
var cam = view_camera[0];
var x1 = camera_get_view_x(cam);
var y1 = camera_get_view_y(cam);
draw_sprite_ext(sprite_index,image_index,x-x1,y-y1,1,1,0,c_white,alp);
```

63 Tire Track Effects

Draws tyre tracks that fade away. Ideal for top down car or tank games.

Spawning code for car or tank.

```
Create Event:
```

```
alarm[0]=5;
```

Alarm 0 Event:

```
alarm[0]=5;
xx=x-(lengthdir_x(120,image_angle));
yy=y-(lengthdir_y(120,image_angle));
inst=instance_create_layer(xx,yy,"tracks",obj_tracks);
inst.image_angle=image_angle;
show debug message("tracks")
```

obj_tracks Create Event:

```
alp=1;
```

Step Event:

```
alp-=0.01;
if alp<0 instance_destroy();</pre>
```

```
draw_set_alpha(alp);
draw_self();
draw set alpha(1);
```

64 Fireworks Display

A cool graphical effect, ideal for when a player completes a level. Just pop the following code in a **Step Event**:

```
xx=irandom_range(0,room_width);
yy=irandom_range(0,room_height);
size=irandom(5);
col=choose(c_white,c_yellow,c_red,c_orange,c_purp
le,c_silver);
effect_create_above(ef_firework,xx,yy,size,col);
```

65 Spawn Bullets From Double Weapon



This allows for spawning bullets in a double-barrelled weapon, like the image above.

Shooting code:

```
posx=x+lengthdir x(30,ang-90)
posy=y+lengthdir y(30, ang-90)
posxx=posx+lengthdir x(160,ang)
posyy=posy+lengthdir y(160, ang)
inst=instance create layer(posxx,posyy,"bullets",
tower bullet);
inst.direction=ang;
inst.image angle=ang;
inst.speed=6;
posx=x+lengthdir x(30,ang+90)
posy=y+lengthdir y(30,ang+90)
posxx=posx+lengthdir x(160,ang)
posyy=posy+lengthdir y(160,ang)
inst=instance create layer(posxx,posyy,"bullets",
tower bullet);
inst.direction=ang;
inst.image angle=ang;
inst.speed=6;
```

66 Sprite Drop Shadow



A simple method for creating a drop shadow effect. Great for top down shooter games, such as those with helicopters or planes.

Draw Event code:

```
draw_sprite_ext(sprite_index,0,x-90,y-
20,1,1,image_angle,c_black,0.4);
draw_self();
```

67 Simple Top Down Collision

This code works well in top down games, for example a racing game. Use this and it will bounce off instances.

For example the following in a **Collision Event** with a rock:

```
x+=lengthdir_x(2,point_direction(other.x,other.y,
x,y))
y+=lengthdir_y(2,point_direction(other.y,other.y,
x,y))
```

68 Spawn Instance With Random Subimage

This example spawns an instance with a random subimage and vertical speed.

Control Object:

Create Event:

```
alarm[0]=game get speed(gamespeed fps)*4;
```

Alarm 0 Event:

```
alarm[0]=game_get_speed(gamespeed_fps)*4;
inst=instance_create_layer(irandom_range(128,room_width-128),-200,"Instances",obj_gem);
```

obj_gem Create Event:

```
image_speed=0;
image_index=irandom(image_number-1);
vspeed=random range(1,4);
```

69 Sine Wave Based Movement

A sine wave can be used for a lot of effects, for example smoothly moving an instance up and down, as in this example.

Step Event:

```
ypos=300;//where to anchor
spd=1000;//move speed - smaller is faster
dist=100;//distance to move
y=ypos+sin(current time/spd)*dist
```

70 Draw Player's Speed On Dial



A simple way to visually show the player's speed.

Create Event:

```
spd=0;
```

An example **Step Event**:

```
if mouse_check_button(mb_left)
{
    spd-=0.1;
}
if mouse_check_button(mb_right)
{
    spd+=0.1;
}
spd=clamp(spd,0,7);
```

```
draw_set_colour(c_white);
draw_set_halign(fa_center);
draw_set_valign(fa_middle);
draw_set_font(font_dial);
draw_sprite(spr_speed_dial,0,600,420);
ang=0-spd*30
draw_sprite_ext(spr_speed_pin,0,600,420,1,1,ang+140,c_white,1);
draw_text(600,600,abs(round(ang)));
```

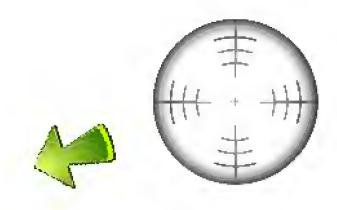
71 Spawn Trees Border

A simple method of spawning a border of trees, suitable for a top-down vertical scrolling shooter.

Spawn code:

```
size=80;
xx=floor(room height/size);
for (var i = 0; i < xx; i += 1)
{
  num=choose(1,2);
  if num=1
instance create layer (100, i*size, "trees", obj plan
t);
       instance create layer (room width-
100, i*size, "trees", obj plant);
  }
  if num=2
instance create layer(100,i*size,"trees",obj_plan
instance create layer (220, i*size, "trees", obj plan
t);
       instance create layer (room width-
100, i*size, "trees", obj plant);
       instance create layer (room width-
220, i*size, "trees", obj plant);
  }
```

72 One Button Controlled Movement



Allows you to add some accessibility to your games, by allow the player to move a crosshair around the room with a single button.

Create Event:

```
rotate:=0;
```

Step Event:

```
if mouse_check_button(mb_left) or
keyboard_check(vk_space)
{
   motion_set(rotate,5);
}
else
{
   rotate+=2.5;
   speed=0;
}
width=sprite_width/2;
height=sprite_height/2
x=clamp(x,width,room_width-width);
```

```
y=clamp(y,height,room_height-height);
```

```
draw_self();
draw_sprite_ext(spr_arrow,0,x,y,1,1,rotate,c_whit
e,1);
```

73 Plane Movement (Side Shooter)



A flexible movement system for a player plane in a side-scrolling shooter. Assumes sprite origin as middle center. **Create Event**:

```
ang=0
speed=3;
```

Step Event:

```
if mouse_check_button(mb_left)
{
    ang++;
}
else
{
    ang--;
}
if ang>80 ang=80
if ang<-80 ang=-80
image_angle=ang;
direction=ang;
if y<100
{ y+=2; ang-=2;}
if y>500{y-=2; ang+=2;}
```

74 Player Power Up Creator

Sometimes you may wish for your player to work hard to earn a powerup. This example requires the player mash the mouse buttons to unlock an upgrade.

```
spd=0;
target=1000;
target reached=false;
Step Event:
if mouse check button pressed (mb left)
{
  spd+=5;
if mouse check button pressed (mb right)
{
  spd+=5;
if !target reached spd-=0.2;
if spd>target
  target reached=true;
}
if spd>target spd=target;
if spd<0 spd=0;
Draw Event:
draw text(100,100,spd);
if target reached
  draw text(100,150,"Target Reached");
}
```

75 Coin Drop Bonus Effect

Creates a cool looking graphical effect. First you'll need a control object to spawn the coins, for example with the following in a **Step Event:**

```
if mouse check button pressed (mb left)
  repeat (10)
  {
  instance create layer(x,y,"Effects",obj coin);
       show debug message("spawned")
  }
}
And the code for obj coin: Create Event:
x=random range(100,1820);
y = -200
distance=irandom range(200,1000);
vspeed=random range(1,3);
Step Event:
if y>distance
{
  instance destroy();
  effect create above (ef ring, x, y, 5, c yellow);
effect create above (ef firework, x+12, y+12, 5, c red
  effect create above (ef firework, x-12, y-
12,5,c red);
  effect create above (ef firework, x+12, y-
12,5,c red);
  effect create above (ef firework, x-
12,y+12,5,c red);
}
```

76 Endless Levels



By using a static screen without views you can create an endless level by spawning instances off screen and for example moving them down. Example assumes a sprite

Spawner object, Create Event:

alarm[0]=game_get_speed(gamespeed_fps)*3;

Alarm 0 Event:

alarm[0] = game_get_speed(gamespeed_fps) * 3 + random(g
ame get speed(gamespeed fps) * 2);

instance_create_layer(irandom_range(50,room_width
-50),-300,"Island",obj island);

obj_island Create Event:

sprite_index=choose(Water_Object_3, Water_Object_4
, Water_Object_5, Water_Object_6, Water_Object_7, Wat
er_Object_8);

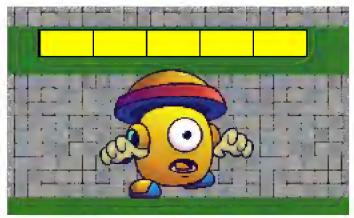
vspeed=1;

Step Event:

if y>room_height+sprite_height
instance destroy();

You can use a similar approach for clouds, enemies etc.

77 Mini Healthbar With Segments



Draws a healthbar with segments.

Create Event:

```
hp=5;
max_hp=hp;

Draw Event:
draw_self();
draw_set_color(c_black)
draw_healthbar(x-100,y-60,x+100,y-80,(100/max_hp)*hp,c_white,c_blue,c_yellow,0,true,true);
for (var i = 0; i < max_hp; i += 1)
{
    draw_line(x-100+(200/max_hp)*i,y-60,x-100+(200/max_hp)*i,y-80)
}</pre>
```

78 Outline Shader

Creates a white border around an instance.

```
function outline init()
{
 uni size = shader get uniform(sh outline,
"size");
 uni thick =
shader get outline init()uniform(sh outline,
"thick");
  uni color = shader get uniform(sh outline,
"oColor");
  uni acc = shader get uniform(sh outline,
"accuracy");
 uni tol = shader get uniform(sh outline,
"tol");
 uni uvs = shader get uniform(sh outline,
"uvs");
function outline start() {
 var spr;
  if (argument count <= 2) spr = sprite index;
  else spr = argument[2];
  shader set(sh outline);
  var tex = sprite get texture( spr,
image index);
 var w = texture get texel width( tex);
 var h = texture get texel height( tex);
  shader set uniform f(uni size, w, h);
  shader set uniform f(uni thick, argument[0]);
  shader set uniform f(uni color,
color get red(argument[1])/255,
color get green(argument[1])/255,
color get blue(argument[1])/255);
  var acc;
```

```
if (argument count <= 3) acc = 16;
  else acc = argument[3];
  shader set uniform f(uni acc, acc);
  var tol;
  if (argument count <= 4) tol = 0;
  else tol = argument[4];
  shader set uniform f(uni tol, tol);
  var uvs = sprite get uvs( spr, image index);
  shader set uniform f(uni uvs, uvs[0], uvs[1],
uvs[2], uvs[3]);
}
function outline start surface() {
  var sur = argument[2];
  shader set(sh outline);
  var tex = surface get texture( sur);
  var w = texture get texel width( tex);
  var h = texture get texel height( tex);
  shader set uniform f(uni size, w, h);
  shader set uniform f(uni thick, argument[0]);
  shader set uniform f(uni color,
color get red(argument[1])/255,
color get green(argument[1])/255,
color get blue(argument[1])/255);
  var acc;
  if (argument count <= 3) acc = 16;
  else acc = argument[3];
  shader set uniform f(uni acc, acc);
  var tol;
  if (argument count\leq4) tol = 0;
  else tol = argument[4];
```

```
shader set uniform f(uni tol, tol);
  var uvs = texture get uvs( sur);
  shader set uniform f(uni uvs, uvs[0], uvs[1],
uvs[2], uvs[3]);
function outline end()
  shader reset();
}
Shader vsh:
11
// Simple passthrough vertex shader
//
attribute vec3 in Position;
                                               //
(x, y, z)
//attribute vec3 in Normal;
                                               //
(x,y,z) unused in this shader.
                                               //
attribute vec4 in Colour;
(r,g,b,a)
attribute vec2 in TextureCoord;
                                               //
(u, v)
varying vec2 v vTexcoord;
varying vec4 v vColour;
void main()
    vec4 object space pos = vec4( in Position.x,
in Position.y, in Position.z, 1.0);
    ql Position =
gm Matrices[MATRIX WORLD VIEW PROJECTION] *
object space pos;
    v vColour = in Colour;
```

```
v vTexcoord = in TextureCoord;
}
Shader vsh:
//
// Simple passthrough fragment shader
//
varying vec2 v vTexcoord;
varying vec4 v vColour;
uniform vec2 size;
uniform float thick;
uniform vec3 oColor;
uniform float accuracy;
uniform float tol;
uniform vec4 uvs:
const float rad circle = 6.28319;
void main()
{
    gl FragColor = v vColour *
texture2D( gm BaseTexture, v vTexcoord );
    bool outline = false;
    for(float i=1.0; i<=thick; i++) {
        for(float d=0.0; d<rad circle;</pre>
d+=rad circle/accuracy) {
            vec2 check pos = v vTexcoord +
i*vec2(cos(d)*size.x, -sin(d)*size.y);
            vec4 datPixel = v vColour *
texture2D( gm BaseTexture, check_pos);
```

Example usage:

```
outline_start(12,c_white);
draw_self();
outline end();
```

79 Move Crosshair To Target

This automatically selects a target and moves the crosshair to the target.

Create Event:

```
target=noone;
alarm[0]=game get speed(gamespeed fps)/2;
image speed=0;
image index=0;
Step Event:
x=clamp(x, 0, room width);
y=clamp(y,0,room height);
if place meeting(x,y,obj parent)
{
  image index=1;
}
else
{
  image index=0;
}
if target=noone
{
  with (obj parent)
  {
      other.target=id;
}
```

Alarm 0 Event:

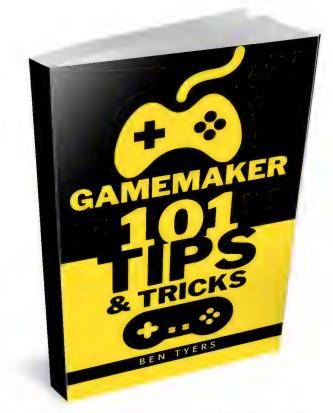
```
with (obj_parent) {
   if (in_view) {
     other.target=id;
   }
}
with id active=true;
```

80 Spawn Items With Gap

Sometimes you may want to place multiple instances in your room, which can laborious if you have multiple items. Below shows one method to place multiple instances with a gap inbetween.

Create Event:

```
pos=300;
repeat (8)
{
  instance_create_layer(x-
pos,y,"items",choose(obj_big,obj_pole,obj_round));
instance_create_layer(x+pos,y,"items",choose(obj_big,obj_pole,obj_round));
  pos+=200;
}
```



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81 Add Scores To A List

There may be times when you want to keep track of player score, for example in a darts game. This code keeps track of data. It could also be used to keep track of words.

Create Event:

```
global.last=ds list create();
Step Event:
//limit to 12 entries
size=ds list size(global.last);
if size>12
{
  ds list delete(global.last,0);
}
//for testing
if mouse check button pressed (mb left)
{
  ds list add(global.last,irandom(1000));
}
Draw Event:
draw set colour(c white);
var size=ds list size(global.last);
var i;
for (i = 0; i < size; i += 1)
{
    draw text(900,60+(32*i),global.last[|i]);
}
```

82 Cloud Effect

Create a cloud scrolling effect, great for above and below various layers in your game.

Create Event:

```
image_speed=0;
image_index=choose(0,1,2);
dir=choose(-1,-2,1,2);
```

Step Event:

```
x=x+dir;
if x<-sprite_width x=room_width+sprite_width;
if x>room_width+sprite_width x=-sprite_width;
```

And a **Draw Event**, so the cloud has some transparency:

```
draw_sprite_ext(sprite_index,image_index,x,y,1,1,
0,c_white,0.5);
```

Just pop a few instances in your room and you're good to go.

83 Ball Bouncing Off Instances

A Simple method to make a ball bounce off of walls. This example requires a ball, plus two additional objects for top and bottom walls, plus one for side walls. This setup also gives a bit of randomisation with the angle when the ball bounces.

Create Event:

```
spd = 3;
motion set(choose(130,310),spd);
```

Collision Event with Top & Bottom walls:

```
move_bounce_all(true);
```

Collision Event with Sides walls:

```
move_bounce_all(true);
```

Collision Event with obj_ball:

```
move bounce all(true);
```

84 Keeping A Value In A Range

There will be time when you wish to keep a value within a given range. This can be done with clamp. For example in a driving game when you wish stop the car leaving the room.

Some example code in a **Step Event**, keeping the x value between 100 and 1000:

```
if mouse_check_button(mb_left)
{
    x-=5;
}
else if mouse_check_button(mb_right)
{
    x+=5;
}
```

85 Film Style Scrolling Credits

Create scrolling text in a film style. Ideal for showing credits on game complete.

obj_spawner Create Event:

```
list=ds list create();
ds list add(list,
"Example Text",
"Add Your Own",
"",
"Game Credits"
);
alarm[0]=game_get_speed(gamespeed_fps)*3;
Alarm 0 Event:
if ds list size(list)=0 exit;
alarm[0] = game get speed(gamespeed fps) *3;
text=list[|0];
ds list delete(list,0);
instance create layer(x,y,"text",obj text,
{text : text})
obj text Create Event:
size=1;
x=room\ width/2;
y=room height+100;
Step Event:
y--;
if y<room height size-=0.001;
if size<0.01 instance destroy();
```

```
draw_set_font(font_text);
draw_set_halign(fa_center);
draw_set_colour(c_white);
draw_text_ext_transformed(x,y,text,4,1000,size,size,0);
```

86 Rotate Room View

This method provides a great method for giving additional visual feedback to the player. Idea for a driving or flying game. Assumes the room has view 0 set up.

Create Event:

```
ang=0;
Step Event:
if mouse_check_button(mb_left)
{
   ang--;
   if ang<-60 ang=-60
}
else
{
   ang++;
   if ang>60 ang=60;
}
camera set view angle(view camera[0],ang);
```

87 Toggle Full Screen

There may be times when you want to allow the player to choice of full screen or windowed. The following allows the play to swap between the two using a key press.

Step Event:

```
if keyboard_check(ord("W"))
{
    if window_get_fullscreen()=true
    {
        window_set_fullscreen(false);
    }
else if window_get_fullscreen()=false
    {
        window_set_fullscreen(true);
    }
}
```

88 Progress Bar

Sometimes it's nice to show the player their level progress. It's quite simple to do this visually. This example is for a side-scroller. Assumes starting x position is 0 and the target is the right end of the room.

```
current y=obj player.y+250;
percent=(((room height-450)/(room height-
450))*current y)/(room height-450)
percent=100-((1- percent)*100)
{
  draw set color(c black)
  draw healthbar (180, 1080-80, 1580, 1080-140, 100-
percent, c white, c yellow, c yellow, 0, true, true);
  for (var i = 0; i < 100; i += 1)
  {
       draw line (180+(1400/100) *i, 1080-
80,180+(1400/100)*i,1080-140)
  }
  draw rectangle (180, 1080-80, 1580, 1080-140, true);
}
draw text(80,1080-110,"PROGRESS");;
```

89 Flash Player To Show Damage

This example shows one method of visually showing a player that they have taken damage. This changes the player's character to red.

Create Event:

```
can hit=true;
```

Collision Event with whatever instance causes damage:

```
if can_hit
{
   health=5;
   can_hit=false;
   alarm[0]=game_get_speed(gamespeed_fps);
}
```

Alarm 0 Event:

```
can_hit=true;
```

```
if can_hit=false
{
    draw_sprite_ext(sprite_index,image_index,x,y,1,1,0,c_red,1);
}
else
{
    draw_self();
```

90 Fade Between Two Images



This fades in and out two subimages. Great for making appealing looking text without the overhead of having to use multiple images.

Create Event:

```
alp=0;
dir="up";

Step Event:
if dir="up"
{
   alp+=0.01;
}
if dir="down"
```

alp-=0.01;

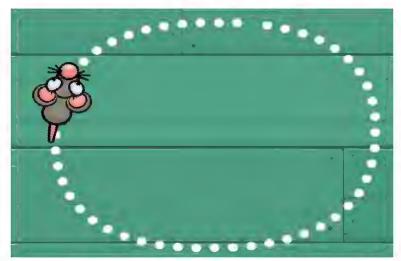
if alp>1 dir="down";
if alp<0 dir="up";</pre>

Draw Event:

{

```
draw_sprite_ext(spr_logo,0,x,y,1,1,0,c_white,1-
alp);
draw_sprite_ext(spr_logo,1,x,y,1,1,0,c_white,alp);
```

91 Draw A Path As Circles



A useful method of drawing a path as circles. Ideal for giving hints to the player. Assumes a path with id **path** has been created.

```
var _path = path;
var _pathLength = path_get_length(_path);
var _spacing = 30;
var _dots = _pathLength / _spacing;
var i = 0;
repeat(_dots)
{
    var _pos = 1 - (i / _dots);
    draw_circle(path_get_x(_path, _pos),
path_get_y(_path, _pos), 8, false);
    ++i;
}
```

92 Simple Top Down Movement Control



simple top down movement control that uses a single mouse button. The good thing is that this leaves the right mouse button free for attacking.

Create Event:

```
dir=0
speed=6;
```

Step Event:

```
if mouse_check_button(mb_left)
{
    dir+=1;
}
else
{
    dir-=1;
}
direction=dir;
image angle=direction;
```

Α

93 Laser To Target



This draws a laser from the instance to a target, which in this example is the mouse's x position.

Create Event:

```
size=0;
segments=0;
segment_size=64;
remainder=0;
final_xpos=0;
subimage=0;
```

Step Event:

```
size=0;
segments=0;
segment_size=64;
remainder=0;
final_xpos=0;
subimage=0;
```

```
draw_self();
for (var i = 0; i < segments; i += 1)
{
    draw_sprite(spr_laser, subimage, x+
    (segment_size*i), y)
}
final_xpos=segments*segment_size;
draw_sprite_part(spr_laser, subimage, 0, 0, remainder, 55, x+final_xpos, y-(27));</pre>
```

94 Bubble Explosion Effect

Here's a simple effect that makes a load of bubbles great for an underwater themed game (or use something other than bubbles to match your theme).

Spawn code:

```
repeat(20)
{
inst=instance_create_layer(x,y,"bubbles",
obj_bubble);
  inst.direction=irandom(360);
  inst.speed=random_range(1,4);
}
obj_bubble:
Create Event:
gravity=-0.1;
alarm[0]=game_get_speed(gamespeed_fps)+
(random(game_get_speed(gamespeed_fps)));
Alarm 0 Event:
snd=choose(bub1,bub2,bub3,bub4,bub5,bub6,bub7);
audio_play_sound(snd,1,false);
instance_destroy();
```

95 Add Instances To A Grid & Move To A Target

Below is a simple method of making a grid with areas that are not allowed. It then makes a path to a random instance.

Create Event:

```
grid = mp_grid_create(0, 0, room_width / 128,
room_height / 128, 128, 128);
  mp_grid_add_instances(grid, obj_block, true);
  path = path_add();
    mp_grid_path(grid, path, x, y, obj_melon.x,
obj_melon.y, 1);
  path_start(path,3,path_action_stop,true);
```

You could then create another target and reuse the above code.

96 Image Scale, Fade and Rotate Effect

An effect that can be used for a variety reasons.

Assumes a sprite assigned that is 512x512 in size and origin as middle center.

Example spawn code:

```
if mouse_check_button_pressed(mb_left)
{
instance_create_layer(room_width/2,room_height/2,"Effects",obj_effect);
}
```

obj_effect

Create Event:

```
size=0.1;
alp=1;
dir=choose(-1,1);
angle=0;
```

Step Event:

```
size+=0.05;
alp-=0.01;
angle+=dir*3;
if alp<0 instance_destroy();</pre>
```

```
draw_sprite_ext(sprite_index,0,(room_width/
2)+90,room_height/2,size,size,angle,c_white,alp);
```

97 Player Streak

Keep tracks of a player's streak, for example the number of enemies killed without missing.

Create Event:

```
streak=0;
```

Step Event (testing example):

```
if mouse_check_button_pressed(mb_right)
{
    //call the folling to add to streak
    streak++;
}
if mouse_check_button_pressed(mb_left)
{
    //call the folling to reset streak
    streak=0
}
```

Draw Event example:

```
draw_set_colour(c_black);
draw text(200,200,"Streak: "+string(streak));
```

98 Numbers As Text

This script will change digits to text, for example **16783** to sixteen thousand seven hundred and eighty three. Works upto 999999

```
function integer to english(int) {
    // Lookup tables
   static digits = ["", "one", "two", "three",
"four", "five", "six", "seven", "eight", "nine"];
    static _teens_ = ["ten", "eleven", "twelve",
"thirteen", "fourteen", "fifteen", "sixteen",
"seventeen", "eighteen", "nineteen"];
    static tens = ["", "", "twenty", "thirty",
"forty", "fifty", "sixty", "seventy", "eighty",
"ninety"];
    // Decompose digits
   var thousands = (int div 1000) mod 1000;
   var hundreds = (int div 100) mod 10;
   var tens = (int div 10) mod 10;
   var units = int mod 10;
   // Accumulator
   var str = "";
    // Add thousands
    if (thousands > 0) {
        str += integer to english(thousands) + "
thousand";
    }
```

```
// Add hundreds
   if (hundreds > 0) {
       if (str != "") {
          str += " ";
       }
       str += digits [hundreds] + " hundred";
   }
   // Add tens and digits
   if (int mod 100 > 0) {
       if (str != "") {
           str += " and ";
       }
       switch (tens) {
           case 0:
              str += _digits [units];
           break;
           case 1:
               str += _teens [units];
           break;
           default:
               str += tens [tens];
               if (units > 0) {
                  str += " " + digits [units];
               }
           break;
       }
   }
   // Done
   return str;
```

}

99 Draw Lives As Images



This draws the players lives as images.

Create Event:

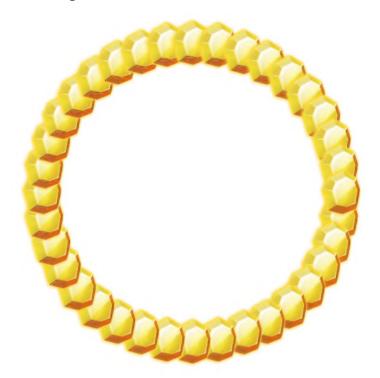
```
lives=8;
```

Step Event for testing:

```
if mouse_check_button_pressed(mb_left)
{
    lives--;
}
if mouse_check_button_pressed(mb_right)
{
    lives++;
}
```

```
for (var i = 0; i < lives; i += 1)
{
    draw_sprite(spr_heart, 0, 100+(i*140), 100);
}</pre>
```

100 Coin Explosion Effect



The following is a cool explosion effect, great when collecting coins.

```
for (var i = 0; i < 36 i += 1)
{
  inst=instance_create_layer(x,y,"effect",obj_coin_effect);
  inst.direction=i*10
  inst.speed=1;
}</pre>
```

And in outside_room Event:

```
instance_destroy();
```

101 Text With Gradient

HELLO WORLD

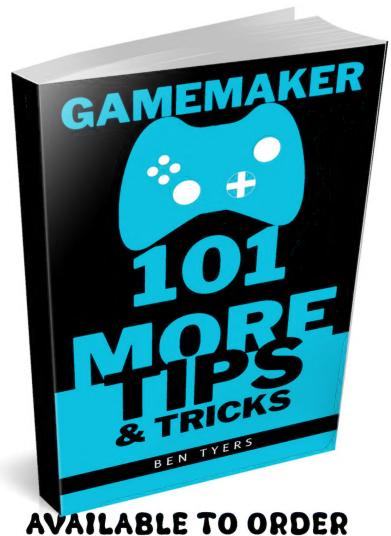
This script draws gradient text with a border. Great for game titles, game-over screen etc..

```
function
draw_text_gradient(xpos,ypos,mess,sep,wid,bordcol
,gradcol1,gradcol2,alp)
{
    draw_text_ext_colour(xpos+2, ypos+2,mess, sep,
    wid,bordcol,bordcol,bordcol,bordcol,alp);
    draw_text_ext_colour(xpos+2, ypos-2,mess, sep,
    wid,bordcol,bordcol,bordcol,bordcol,alp);
    draw_text_ext_colour(xpos-2, ypos+2,mess, sep,
    wid,bordcol,bordcol,bordcol,bordcol,alp);
    draw_text_ext_colour(xpos-2, ypos-2,mess, sep,
    wid,bordcol,bordcol,bordcol,alp);
    draw_text_ext_colour(xpos-2, ypos,mess, sep,
    wid,gradcol1,gradcol2,gradcol1,gradcol2,alp)
}
```

Which you can call from a **Draw Event** with:

```
draw_text_gradient(room_width/2-300,300,"Hello
World",124,1900,c black,c yellow,c red,1)
```





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